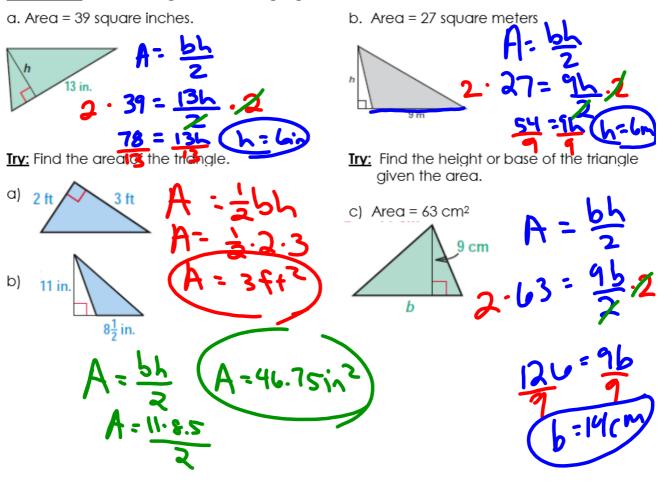
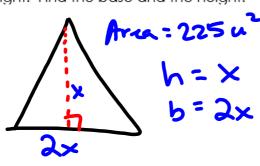
Geometry	8.4: Area of Triangles Name:
	be able to find the area of a triangle and use the area to find missing side lengths.
≄Height of a Tria	ngle: perpendicular sequent from a votex
	to the opposite side.
<b>☆Base of a triang</b>	The opposite side is called the base.
	The opposite special in
h	7 yd
: Area of a inlang	Avea = base < height A: bh ar abh
Ĺ	
	the area of the triangle.
a)	b) 5 ft 5 ft 13 ft
6 cm	86
10 cm	3ft 9ft
¥ = 7	$A = \frac{1}{3}bh \qquad A = \frac{5.9}{1}$
	2
Α -	10.6 - 60 A = 3.8.3 (A - 22.5ft)
/ ( -	10.6 - 60 = (20ft) (A = 22.5ft)
	3 - 17 - 2011
	(30.2)
	(20cm)

**Example 2:** Find the height of the triangle given the area.



**Example 3:** The area of a triangle is 225 square units. The base of the triangle is twice the height. Find the base and the height.

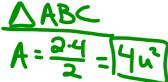


A = 2x(x)

Height=150

Example 4:

a. Find the ratio of the areas of the similar triangles.



DDEF A: 4.3.9 m RATION F 6 D

ABC - DEF

DOET

b. Find the scale factor of  $\triangle ABC$  to  $\triangle DEF$  and compare it to the ratio of their areas.

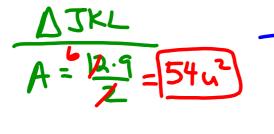
$$\frac{CA}{FD} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ factor}$$

5/4 4 3-(2)= 9 Ratio of Areas

## **Areas of Similar Polygons**

## Example 5:

a. Find the ratio of the areas of the similar triangles.



b. Find the scale factor of  $\Delta$ JKL to  $\Delta$ RST and compare it to the ratio of their areas.

$$\frac{Jk}{Rs} = \frac{12}{20} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

Homework: 8.4 worksheet

$$\frac{3}{5} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3\\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ratio of Arcas

$$\left(\frac{3^2}{5^2}\right) \rightarrow \frac{9}{25}$$